NECA-IBEW PENSION TRUST FUND 2120 HUBBARD AVENUE DECATUR, ILLINOIS 62526-2871

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ANNUAL FUNDING NOTICE FOR NECA-IBEW PENSION TRUST FUND



MECA IDENTIFICATION INCOME

DECATUR, ILLINOIS SEPTEMBER 2023

Introduction

This notice includes important funding information about your pension plan ("the Plan and general information about the benefit payments guaranteed by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation ("PBGC"), a federal insurance agency. All traditional pension plans (called "defined benefit pension plans") must provide this notice every year regardless of their funding status. This notice does not mean that the Plan is terminating. It is provided for informational purposes and you are not required to respond in any way. This notice is for the plan year beginning June 01, 2022 and ending May 31, 2023 (referred to hereafter as "Plan Year").

Funded Percentage

The funded percentage of a plan is a measure of how well that plan is funded. This percentage is obtained by dividing the Plan's assets by its liabilities on the valuation date for the plan year. In general, the higher the percentage, the better funded the plan. The Plan's funded percentage for the Plan Year and 2 preceding plan years is set forth in the chart below, along with a statement of the value of the Plan's assets and liabilities for the same period.

| | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Valuation Date | June 1 | June 1 | June 1 |
| Funded Percentage | 89% | 88% | 85% |
| Value of Assets | \$ 1,397,811,798 | \$ 1,326,371,565 | \$ 1,235,095,636 |
| Value of Liabilities | \$ 1,573,950,484 | \$ 1,508,357,684 | \$ 1,457,159,057 |

Fair Market Value of Assets

Asset values in the chart above are actuarial values, not market values. Market values tend to show a clearer picture of a plan's funded status as of a given point in time. However, because market values can fluctuate daily based on factors in the marketplace, such as changes in the stock market, pension law allows plans to use actuarial values for funding purposes. While actuarial values fluctuate less than market values, they are estimates. As of May 31, 2023, the preliminary fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$1,350,797,583. As of May 31, 2022, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$1,392,907,160. As of May 31, 2021, the fair market value of the Plan's assets was \$1,467,384,373.

Critical or Endangered Status

Under federal pension law a plan generally will be considered to be in "endangered" status if, at the beginning of the plan year, the funded percentage of the plan is less than 80 percent or in "critical" status if the percentage is less than 65 percent (other factors may also apply). If a pension plan enters endangered status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a funding improvement plan. Similarly, if a pension plan enters critical status, the trustees of the plan are required to adopt a rehabilitation plan. Rehabilitation and funding improvement plans establish steps and benchmarks for pension plans to improve their funding status over a specified period of time.

The Plan was not in endangered or critical status in the plan year.

Participant Information

The total number of participants in the plan as of the Plan's valuation date was 11,060. Of this number 5,121 were active participants, 3,918 were retired or separated from service and receiving benefits, and 2,021 were retired or separated from service and entitled to future benefits.

Funding & Investment Policies

The law requires that every pension plan have a procedure for establishing a funding policy to carry out the plan objectives. A funding policy relates to the level of contributions needed to pay for benefits promised under the plan currently and over the years. The funding policy of the Plan is funded by contributions made by participating employers in accordance with the provisions of applicable collective bargaining agreements plus and investment gains earned.

Once money is contributed to the Plan, the money is invested by plan officials called fiduciaries. Specific investments are made in accordance with the Plan's investment policy. Generally speaking, an investment policy is a written statement that provides the fiduciaries who are responsible for plan investments with guidelines or general instructions concerning various types or categories of investment management decisions. The investment policy of the Plan is:

The NECA IBEW Pension Trust Fund is managed according to its Investment Policy Statement (the "IPS"). The IPS delegates the roles and responsibilities of all professionals associated

with the Fund including the Board of Trustees, the Investment Consultant, the Custodian(s), and the Investment Managers.

The asset allocation of the Pension Trust Fund was created with the knowledge that the Pension Trust Fund is a long-term liability and as such, should be invested in such a manner as to preserve capital as much as possible in down markets, increase in value in up markets, and on a long-term basis exceed the actuarial assumed rate of return. As such, the Pension Trust Fund is invested with various fixed income, U.S. equity, non-U.S. equity, real estate, and hedge fund of funds managers.

In accordance with the Plan's investment policy, the Plan's assets were allocated among the following categories of investments, as of the end of the Plan Year. These allocations are percentages of total assets:

| Asset Allocations Perce | | entage |
|-------------------------|--|------------|
| 1. | Interest-bearing cash | 0.89 |
| 2. | U.S. Government securities | |
| 3. | Corporate debt instruments (other than employer se | curities): |
| | Preferred | |
| | All other | 4.00 |
| 4. | Corporate stocks (other than employer securities): | |
| | Preferred | |
| | Common | |
| 5. | Partnership/joint venture interests | 9.97 |
| 6. | Real estate (other than employer real property) | |
| 7. | Loans (other than to participants) | |
| 8. | Participant loans | |
| 9. | Value of interest in common/collective trusts | 59.94 |
| 10. | Value of interest in pooled separate accounts | 3.05 |
| 11. | Value of interest in master trust investment account | S |
| 12. | Value of interest in 103-12 investment entities | 12.00 |
| 13. | Value of interest in registered investment | |
| | companies (e.g., mutual funds) | 0.11 |
| 14. | Value of funds held in insurance co. general accoun | t |
| | (unallocated contracts) | |
| 15. | Employer-related investments: | |
| | Employer Securities | |
| | Employer real property | |
| 16. | Buildings and other property used in plan operation | |
| 17. | Other | 10.04 |

For information about the plan's investment in any of the following types of investments as described in the chart above – common/collective trusts, pooled separate accounts, master trust investment accounts, or 103-12 investment entities – contact Kevin Cope, Fund Administrator, at (217) 875-0254.

Right to Request a Copy of the Annual Report

A pension plan is required to file with the US Department of Labor an annual report called the Form 5500 that contains financial and other information about the plan. Copies of the annual report are available from the US Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration's Public Disclosure Room at 200 Constitution Avenue, NW, Room N-1513, Washington, DC 20210, or by calling 202.693.8673. For 2009 and subsequent plan years, you may obtain an electronic copy of the plan's annual report by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the Form 5500 search function. Or you may obtain a copy of the Plan's annual report by making a written request to the plan administrator. Individual information, such as the amount of your accrued benefit under the plan, is not contained in the annual report. If you are seeking information regarding your benefits under the plan, contact the plan administrator identified below under "Where To Get More Information."

Summary of Rules Governing Plans in Reorganization and Insolvent Plans

Federal law has a number of special rules that apply to financially troubled multiemployer plans. Under so-called "plan reorganization rules," a plan with adverse financial experience may need to increase required contributions and may, under certain circumstances, reduce benefits that are not eligible for the PBGC's guarantee (generally, benefits that have been in effect for less than 60 months). If a plan is in reorganization status, it must provide

notification that the plan is in reorganization status and that, if contributions are not increased, accrued benefits under the plan may be reduced or an excise tax may be imposed (or both). The law requires the plan to furnish this notification to each contributing employer and the labor organization.

Despite the special plan reorganization rules, a plan in reorganization nevertheless could become insolvent. A plan is insolvent for a plan year if its available financial resources are not sufficient to pay benefits when due for the plan year. An insolvent plan must reduce benefit payments to the highest level that can be paid from the plan's available financial resources. If such resources are not enough to pay benefits at a level specified by law (see Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC, below), the plan must apply to the PBGC for financial assistance. The PBGC, by law, will loan the plan the amount necessary to pay benefits at the guaranteed level. Reduced benefits may be restored if the plan's financial condition improves.

A plan that becomes insolvent must provide prompt notification of the insolvency to participants and beneficiaries, contributing employers, labor unions representing participants, and PBGC. In addition, participants and beneficiaries also must receive information regarding whether, and how, their benefits will be reduced or affected as a result of the insolvency, including loss of a lump sum option. This information will be provided for each year the plan is insolvent.

Benefit Payments Guaranteed by the PBGC

The maximum benefit that the PBGC guarantees is set by law. Only vested benefits are guaranteed. Specifically, the PBGC guarantees a monthly benefit payment equal to 100 percent of the first \$11 of the Plan's monthly benefit accrual rate, plus 75 percent of the next \$33 of the accrual rate, times each year of credited service. The PBGC's maximum guarantee, therefore, is \$35.75 per month times a participant's years of credited service.

Example 1: If a participant with 10 years of credited service has an accrued monthly benefit of \$500, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the PBGC guarantee would be determined by dividing the monthly benefit by the participant's years of service (\$500/10), which equals \$50. The guaranteed amount for a \$50 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$24.75 (.75 x \$33), or \$35.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit is \$357.50 (\$35.75 x 10).

Example 2: If the participant in Example 1 has an accrued monthly benefit of \$200, the accrual rate for purposes of determining the guarantee would be \$20 (or \$200/10). The guaranteed amount for a \$20 monthly accrual rate is equal to the sum of \$11 plus \$6.75 (.75 x \$9), or \$17.75. Thus, the participant's guaranteed monthly benefit would be \$177.50 (\$17.75 x 10).

The PBGC guarantees pension benefits payable at normal retirement age and some early retirement benefits. In calculating a person's monthly payment, the PBGC will disregard any benefit increases that were made under the plan within 60 months before the earlier of the plan's termination or insolvency (or benefits that were in effect for less than 60 months at the time of termination or insolvency). Similarly, the PBGC does not guarantee pre-retirement death benefits to a spouse or beneficiary (e.g., a qualified pre-retirement survivor annuity) if the participant dies after the plan terminates, benefits above the normal retirement benefit, disability benefits not in pay status, or non-pension benefits, such as health insurance, life insurance, death benefits, vacation pay, or severance pay.

Where to Get More Information

For more information about this notice, you may contact Kevin Cope, Fund Administrator, at (217) 875-0254. For identification purposes, the official plan number is 001 and the plan sponsor's employer identification number or "EIN" is 51-6029903. For more information about the PBGC and benefit guarantees, go to PBGC's website, www.pbgc.gov, or call PBGC toll-free at 1-800-400-7242 (TTY/TDD users may call the Federal relay service toll free at 1-800-877-8339 and ask to be connected to 1-800-400-7242).